

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

#### OFFICE OF GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

770 L Street, Suite 700 • Sacramento, California 95814-3393 Telephone 916-323-3121 • Fax 916-323-4347 • TDD 415-865-4272

TANI CANTIL-SAKAUYE Chief Justice of California Chair of the Judicial Council

WILLIAM C. VICKREY
Administrative Director of the Courts

RONALD G. OVERHOLT Chief Deputy Director

CURTIS L. CHILD Director, Office of Governmental Affairs

April 6, 2011

Hon. Gloria Negrete McLeod, Chair Senate Public Employment & Retirement Committee State Capitol, Room 4061 Sacramento, California 95814

Subject:

SB 503 (Vargas), as introduced – Co-sponsor

Hearing:

Senate Public Employment & Retirement Committee – April 11, 2011

Dear Assembly Member Negrete McLeod:

The Judicial Council is pleased to co-sponsor SB 503 (Vargas) with the California Judges Association, which allows subordinate judicial officers (SJO) who become members of the Judges Retirement System II (JRS II) to purchase a fraction of those years at an actuarially equivalent rate, because it will improve the ability of the branch to recruit and retain the most qualified candidates for judicial appointments.

Current law authorizes a judge who was an SJO to elect to purchase service credit for all of the time he or she served as a full-time SJO, provided that the judge is not receiving or entitled to receive a retirement benefit for that period of service. To receive this credit in JRS II, the judge must pay into JRS II a sum equal to the actuarial present value of the increase in benefits due to the additional service. Because of the JRS II formula (3.75 percent per year of service), the cost of purchasing this time is very high. For a judge who was an SJO for many years, this cost may be prohibitive. These financial disincentives may deter some well-qualified SJOs from seeking a judicial appointment, and thereby eliminate strong candidates from the pool of those seeking a judgeship.

Hon. Gloria Negrete McLeod April 5, 2011 Page 2

The modification of this provision contained in SB 503 would allow a judge to purchase any part of his or her years of service as an SJO so that each judge considering exercising this option would have the flexibility to make the choice that is most financially sound for that judge. The Judicial Council has identified judicial retirement as a critical factor in recruiting and retaining a diverse pool of high caliber attorneys to seek judicial office. The modest reform in SB 503 will advance that objective by making judicial appointments more attractive to experienced SJOs without imposing any new cost or responsibility on the state.

For these reasons the Judicial Council asks for your aye vote on SB 503.

Sincergly,

Ťracy Kenny

Attorney

## TK/yt

cc: Members, Senate Public Employment & Retirement Committee

Hon. Juan Vargas, Member of the Senate

Mr. Michael Bolden, Executive Principal Consultant, Senate Public Employment & Retirement Committee

Mr. Aaron Maguire, Deputy Legislative Affairs Secretary, Office of the Governor

Ms. Kirsten Kolpitcke, Deputy Director of Legislation, Governor's Office of Planning and Research

Mr. Scott Chavez, Consultant, Senate Republican Office of Policy



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CURTIS L. CHILD Director, Office of Governmental Affairs

April 25, 2011

Hon. Christine Kehoe, Chair Senate Appropriations Committee State Capitol, Room 5050 Sacramento, California 95814

Subject:

SB 503 (Vargas), as introduced – Co-sponsor

Hearing:

Senate Appropriations Committee – May 2, 2011

### Dear Senator Kehoe:

The Judicial Council is pleased to co-sponsor SB 503 (Vargas) with the California Judges Association, which allows subordinate judicial officers (SJO) who become members of the Judges Retirement System II (JRS II) to purchase a fraction of those years at an actuarially equivalent rate, because it will improve the ability of the branch to recruit and retain the most qualified candidates for judicial appointments.

Current law authorizes a judge who was an SJO to elect to purchase service credit for all of the time he or she served as a full-time SJO, provided that the judge is not receiving or entitled to receive a retirement benefit for that period of service. To receive this credit in JRS II, the judge must pay into JRS II a sum equal to the actuarial present value of the increase in benefits due to the additional service. Because of the JRS II formula (3.75 percent per year of service), the cost of purchasing this time is very high. For a judge who was an SJO for many years, this cost may be prohibitive. These financial disincentives may deter some well-qualified SJOs from seeking a judicial appointment, and thereby eliminate strong candidates from the pool of those seeking a judgeship.

Hon. Christine Kehoe April 25, 2011 Page 2

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For these reasons the Judicial Council asks for your aye vote on SB 503.

Sincerely,

Tracy Kenky Attorney

TK/yt

cc: Members, Senate Appropriations Committee

Hon. Juan Vargas, Member of the Senate

Ms. Maureen Ortiz, Consultant, Senate Appropriations Committee

Mr. Aaron Maguire, Deputy Legislative Affairs Secretary, Office of the Governor

Ms. Kirsten Kolpitcke, Deputy Director of Legislation, Governor's Office of Planning and Research

Mr. Matt Osterli, Consultant, Senate Republican Office of Policy



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RONALD G. OVERHOLT Chief Deputy Director

CURTIS L. CHILD Director, Office of Governmental Affairs

May 23, 2011

Hon. Warren T. Furutani, ChairAssembly Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security CommitteeState Capitol, Room 6025Sacramento, California 95814

Subject: SB 503 (Vargas), as introduced - Co-sponsor

Hearing: Assembly Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security Committee -

June 8, 2011

# Dear Assembly Member Furutani:

The Judicial Council is pleased to co-sponsor SB 503 (Vargas) with the California Judges Association, which allows subordinate judicial officers (SJO) who become members of the Judges Retirement System II (JRS II) to purchase a fraction of those years at an actuarially equivalent rate, because it will improve the ability of the branch to recruit and retain the most qualified candidates for judicial appointments.

Current law authorizes a judge who was an SJO to elect to purchase service credit for all of the time he or she served as a full-time SJO, provided that the judge is not receiving or entitled to receive a retirement benefit for that period of service. To receive this credit in JRS II, the judge must pay into JRS II a sum equal to the actuarial present value of the increase in benefits due to the additional service. Because of the JRS II formula (3.75 percent per year of service), the cost of purchasing this time is very high. For a judge who was an SJO for many years, this cost may be prohibitive. These financial disincentives may deter some well-qualified SJOs from seeking a

Hon. Warren T. Furutani May 23, 2011 Page 2

judicial appointment, and thereby eliminate strong candidates from the pool of those seeking a judgeship.

The modification of this provision contained in SB 503 would allow a judge to purchase any part of his or her years of service as an SJO so that each judge considering exercising this option would have the flexibility to make the choice that is most financially sound for that judge. The Judicial Council has identified judicial retirement as a critical factor in recruiting and retaining a diverse pool of high caliber attorneys to seek judicial office. The modest reform in SB 503 will advance that objective by making judicial appointments more attractive to experienced SJOs without imposing any new cost or responsibility on the state.

For these reasons the Judicial Council asks for your aye vote on SB 503.

Sincerely,

Tracy Kenny

Attorney

#### TK/vt

cc: Members, Assembly Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security Committee Hon. Juan Vargas, Member of the Senate

Ms. Karon Green, Chief Consultant, Assembly Public Employees, Retirement and Social Security Committee

Mr. Aaron Maguire, Deputy Legislative Affairs Secretary, Office of the Governor

Ms. Kirsten Kolpitcke, Deputy Director of Legislation, Governor's Office of Planning and Research

Mr. Terry Mast, Consultant, Assembly Republican Office of Policy



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CURTIS L. CHILD Director, Office of Governmental Affairs

September 12, 2011

Hon. Edmund G. Brown, Jr. Governor of California State Capitol, First Floor Sacramento, California 95814

Subject: SB 503 (Vargas) – Request for Signature

Dear Governor Brown:

The Judicial Council is pleased to co-sponsor SB 503 (Vargas) with the California Judges Association, which allows subordinate judicial officers (SJO) who become members of the Judges Retirement System II (JRS II) to purchase a fraction of those years at an actuarially equivalent rate, because it will improve the ability of the branch to recruit and retain the most qualified candidates for judicial appointments.

Current law authorizes a judge who was an SJO to elect to purchase service credit for all of the time he or she served as a full-time SJO, provided that the judge is not receiving or entitled to receive a retirement benefit for that period of service. To receive this credit in JRS II, the judge must withdraw all contributions from the other retirement system and forego any pension from that system, and then pay to CalPERS a sum equal to the actuarial present value of the increase in JRS II benefits due to the additional service the judge is seeking to purchase. SB 503 requires the judge to make this election at the time that he or she is planning to retire, so that the cost of purchasing the time can be calculated with the best information regarding the actuarial cost.

Because the JRS II formula provides 3.75 percent per year of service for those judges serving for at least 20 years at age 65, the cost of purchasing this time can be very high. For a judge who

Hon. Edmund G. Brown, Jr. September 12, 2011 Page 2

was an SJO for many years, this cost may be prohibitive. These financial disincentives may deter some well-qualified SJOs from seeking a judicial appointment, and thereby eliminate strong candidates from the pool of those seeking a judgeship.

The modification of this provision contained in SB 503 would allow a judge to purchase any part of his or her years of service as an SJO so that each judge considering exercising this option would have the flexibility to make the choice that is most financially sound for that judge. The Judicial Council has identified judicial retirement as a critical factor in recruiting and retaining a diverse pool of high caliber attorneys to seek judicial office. The modest reform in SB 503 will advance that objective by making judicial appointments more attractive to experienced SJOs without imposing any new cost or responsibility on the state.

For these reasons the Judicial Council requests your signature on SB 503.

Sincerely,

Tracy Kenny

Attorney

TK/yt

cc: Hon. Juan Vargas, Member of the Senate

Mr. Brian Putler, Deputy Legislative Secretary, Office of the Governor