



Judicial Council of California

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M E M O R A N D U M

Date

October 14, 2024

Action Requested

For Your Information

To

Hon. Patricia Guerrero
Chief Justice of California

Deadline

N/A

From

Tracy Kenny, Supervising Attorney
Governmental Affairs

Contact

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Subject

Status of 2024 Legislation considered by the
Legislation Committee

Following is the final status report on 2024 legislation considered by the Judicial Council's Legislation Committee during the 2023–2024 legislative session that ended on August 31, 2024. The bills are listed in numerical order by house (Assembly and Senate) and indexed by subject matter. The second “description” column summarizes the relevant provisions of the bill—and the version of the bill—on which the Legislation Committee's position is based. This column also includes an updated summary to reflect the most current version of the bill. The “position” column tracks the council's initial position and any subsequent change to that position.

The text of all versions of a bill, committee analyses, vote information, history, and bill status can be found on the Legislature's website at: leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces//billSearchClient.xhtml. Our position letters on legislation as well as fiscal impact statements for those bills that would have a substantial fiscal impact on the judicial branch are hyperlinked in the report. These letters are also published on the Judicial Council's Governmental Affairs Website at: www.courts.ca.gov/position-letters.htm.

cc: Members of the Legislation Committee
Michelle Curran, Administrative Director
Robert Oyung, Chief Deputy Director
Salena Chow, Chief Operating Officer

**JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA
Legislation Committee Action on 2023–2024 Legislation
and Status of Bills**

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JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA
Legislation Committee Action on 2023-2024 Legislation
and Status of Bills

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
<p>AB 1214 (Mureed Rasool/Tracy Kenny)</p>	<p>AB 1214 (Maienschein) – Courts: remote technology</p> <p>As amended June 29, 2023. Until January 1, 2026, allows the use of remote technology, if the defendant agrees and the court consents in very limited criminal proceedings, and specifically prohibits the use of remote technology in proceedings involving testimonial evidence. Requires the Judicial Council to establish specified standards relating to technology. Imposes various reporting requirements on courts and the council. If the defendant is present in the courtroom, requires the defense and prosecution as well as the judicial officer to also be present.</p> <p>Prohibits a court from retaliating, or threatening to retaliate, against an official court reporter or official court reporter pro tempore for notifying a judicial officer that technology or audibility issues are interfering with the creation of the record for a proceeding that includes participation through remote technology.</p> <p>UPDATE: A one year extension of the sunset date for the current provisions authorizing criminal remote proceedings was added to the public safety trailer bills, AB/SB 135 allowing current provisions to remain in effect until January 1, 2025.</p> <p>NOTE: The Governor’s proposed budget for 2024-25 contains trailer bill provisions to repeal the January 1, 2025 sunset on criminal remote proceedings and repeal the January 1, 2026 sunset on civil remote proceedings.</p> <p>UPDATE: Following negotiations with the Governor’s office and legislative leadership, a two-year extension of the sunset date for the current provisions authorizing criminal remote proceedings with some revisions including new reporting provisions and minimum technology standards was included in AB 170 (Stats. 2024, ch. 51), the courts trailer bill. This authority will remain in place until January 1, 2027.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>	<p>Service Employees International Union (SEIU)</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Senate Judiciary Committee</p> <p><i>Failed policy committee deadline</i></p>
<p>AB 1777 (Morgan Lardizabal)</p>	<p>AB 1777 (Ting) – Autonomous vehicles</p> <p>As amended July 1, 2024</p> <p>Holds the manufacturer of an autonomous vehicle liable for Vehicle Code violations if their vehicle was being driven through use of an autonomous function and committed a Vehicle Code violation. Specifies that, in cases where an individual is operating the vehicle without using any of the autopilot features, the individual driving is liable for any Vehicle Code violations. Includes new requirements for manufacturers of autonomous vehicles (AV) related to testing, emergency response operations, and permitting.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended August 23, 2024 Removes the provisions that made AV manufacturers liable for traffic violations which removes the bill from the judicial branch’s purview. Requires the Department of Motor Vehicles to create regulations that create a process for providing a notice of autonomous vehicle noncompliance to the manufacturer.</p>	<p>Oppose</p> <p>As amended, remove opposition</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 682)</p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
AB 1785 (Tracy Kenny)	<p><u>AB 1785 (Pacheco) – California Public Records Act</u></p> <p>As amended May 29, 2024 Prohibits a state or local agency from publicly posting online the name and assessor parcel number associated with the home address of any elected or appointed official without written permission of the official.</p>	Support	California Judges Association	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 551)</p>
AB 1846 (Tracy Kenny)	<p><u>AB 1846 (Bauer-Kahan) – Judicial officers: training: sexual abuse and assault</u></p> <p>As amended March 13, 2024 Requires the Judicial Council to establish, on or before July 1, 2026, judicial training programs for judges instructing on best practices related to treatment of sexual abuse and assault victims in courtroom cases. Requires the development of the training programs to include input by victim advocacy groups. Beginning January 1, 2027, the training program developed pursuant to this mandate must be provided to all newly appointed or elected judges and to all judicial officers on an annual basis. Authorizes the Judicial Council to conduct the training either in person or through remote technology.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended June 27, 2024 <i>The requirement to include input by victim advocacy groups has been removed and instead the council is required to “be informed by research and evidence on the impact of sexual abuse and assault on victims.” In addition, the frequency of the training has been changed to require that it be provided to all new judicial officers, and to all judicial officers assigned to family, juvenile and criminal court and to be made available annually to all judges.</i></p>	Oppose	Author	<p>Status</p> <p>Senate Appropriations Committee</p> <p><i>Held under submission</i></p>
AB 2049 (Heather Resetarits)	<p><u>AB 2049 (Pacheco) – Motions for summary judgment: filing deadlines</u></p> <p>As amended April 25, 2024 Increases the time periods for filings pertaining to summary judgment motions as follows: a notice of motion and supporting papers would need to be served at least 81 [currently 75] days before the hearing, the opposition to the motion would need to be served and filed at least 20 [currently 14] days before the noticed hearing, and a reply to the opposition would need to be filed at least 11 [currently five] days before the noticed hearing unless the court finds good cause. Additionally prohibits a party from filing more than one motion for summary judgment against an adverse party without leave of court and prohibits the introduction of new facts in a reply to an opposition to a motion for summary judgment.</p>	Support	California Defense Counsel (co-sponsor) California Judges Association (co-sponsor) Conference of California Bar Associations (co-sponsor)	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 99)</p>
AB 2055 (Mureed Rasool)	<p><u>AB 2055 (Reyes) – Criminal procedure: expungement of records</u></p> <p>As introduced February 1, 2024 Commencing May 1, 2027, and biennially thereafter, each superior court will report to the Judicial Council on the following data points: the number of Penal Code section 1203.4b petitions filed, the date of filing, the date a petition was granted, the number of petitions granted or denied, the number of pending petitions, and whether the petition was filed by a public defender, defense counsel, nonprofit, or in pro per defendant.</p>	Oppose unless funded and amended	Anti-Recidivism Coalition (ARC)	<p>Status</p> <p>Assembly Appropriations Committee</p> <p><i>Held under submission</i></p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
AB 2125 (Heather Resetarits)	<p><u>AB 2125 (Garcia) – Judicial officers: disqualification</u></p> <p>As amended March 6, 2024 Amends Code of Civil Procedure section 170.6 to authorize a motion for disqualification to be brought, following reversal by the California Supreme Court, to disqualify one or more members of the panel whose decision was reversed. Limits the disqualification to the members of the panel who authored or concurred in the opinion that was reversed. Provides that for cases reversed after January 1, 2025, a motion must be made within 30 days of the attorney being notified of the assignment of the appellate panel, and for cases reversed prior to January 1, 2025 which are still pending, the motion must be made by January 31, 2025. Additionally repeals Code of Civil Procedure section 170.7 which exempts judges sitting in the appellate division of the Superior Court from the provisions of section 170.6.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended April 10, 2024 <i>Sunsets the provisions described above on January 1, 2031 and requires the California Law Revision Commission, in consultation with the Commission on Judicial Performance, to deliver a study to the Legislature by September 30, 2027 regarding recusal of judicial officers for prejudice and conflict of interest.</i></p> <p>UPDATE: As amended May 16, 2024 <i>Removes appellate court and appellate division disqualification provisions and requires only the study described above.</i></p>	<p>Oppose</p> <p>As amended, remove opposition</p>	<p>Asian Law Alliance and UCLA Latino Policy and Politics Institute</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Senate Appropriations Committee</p> <p><i>Held under submission</i></p>
AB 2281 (Tracy Kenny)	<p><u>AB 2281 (Soria) – Tribal judges</u></p> <p>As introduced February 8, 2024 Expands the category of “public safety officer” to include tribal court judges, which makes current law applicable to the judges; specifically making it a crime for a person to assault the tribal judge in retaliation for, or to prevent the performance of their official duties, as specified, and a current law which requires a county elections official to, upon application by a public safety officer, make confidential that officer’s residence address, telephone number, and email address appearing on the affidavit of voter registration. Additionally requires, upon request, that the person’s home address that appears in a record of the Department of Motor Vehicles be made confidential. These changes would provide tribal court judges with the same protections as state court judges.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Senate Appropriations Committee</p> <p><i>Held under submission</i></p>
AB 2283 (Heather Resetarits)	<p><u>AB 2283 (Pacheco) – Civil actions: electronic service</u></p> <p>As amended May 2, 2024 Amends Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6(b) to extend the deadline by which courts must electronically transmit documents to a party who is subject to mandatory electronic service (eservice), or who has consented to accept e-service, from July 1, 2024 to July 1, 2025 and clarifies that courts may perform e-service using both electronic notification and electronic transmission. The bill additionally contains an urgency clause, meaning it will take effect immediately upon the Governor’s signature.</p>	<p>Sponsor</p>	<p>Judicial Council</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor on July 18, 2024, effective immediately (Stats. 2024, ch. 151)</p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
<p>AB 2347 (Heather Resetarits)</p>	<p>AB 2347 (Kalra) – Summary proceedings for obtaining possession of real property: procedural requirements</p> <p>As amended May 21, 2024 Extends the time for defendant's response to be filed from five court days to 10 court days after the unlawful detainer complaint and summons is served on the defendant, prohibits the clerk from entering default in an unlawful detainer action less than three court days after the plaintiff files the proof of service of the summons and complaint, and specifies procedures and deadlines for filing a demurrer or a motion to strike a complaint as well as an opposition to and reply in support of such a motion.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended August 20, 2024 Removed all proposed language concerning clerks and timelines for entering default.</p>	<p>Oppose unless amended</p> <p>As amended, remove opposition</p>	<p>California Rural Legal Assistance Foundation (co-sponsor)</p> <p>Western Center on Law & Poverty (co-sponsor)</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 512)</p>
<p>AB 2929 (Tracy Kenny)</p>	<p>AB 2929 (Carrillo) – Dependents: family finding</p> <p>As amended June 27, 2024 Requires the court, in conducting periodic status reviews of a child or nonminor dependent not residing with relatives, to determine whether the social worker has continued efforts to locate any relatives who could provide family support or possible placement.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Children’s Law Center of California</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 845)</p>
<p>AB 2940 (Heather Resetarits)</p>	<p>AB 2940 (Muratsuchi) – California Environmental Quality Act: environmental leadership development projects: transmission projects</p> <p>As introduced February 15, 2024 Expands the Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 20211 (Senate Bill 7, Atkins; Stats. 2021, ch. 19) to include transmission projects that bring new renewable energy generation onto the grid. This expansion would make these projects, if certified by the California Energy Commission, eligible for the streamlining benefits related to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), including resolving CEQA challenges and any appeals to the courts of appeal or Supreme Court, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceedings with the court.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Assembly Natural Resources Committee</p> <p><i>Failed policy committee deadline</i></p>
<p>AB 2988 (Morgan Lardizabal)</p>	<p>AB 2988 (McCarty) – Courts: disposition of court facilities</p> <p>As introduced February 16, 2024 Authorizes the Judicial Council to dispose of the Gordon D. Schaber Sacramento County Courthouse (Schaber Courthouse) with the net proceeds from the sale of the property to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended June 27, 2024 Removed problematic competitive bid requirement language. Requires the Judicial Council to alert the Department of Housing and Community Development and any local public entity with jurisdiction for low and moderate-income based housing development that the property is available for sale.</p>	<p>Sponsor</p>	<p>Judicial Council</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 973)</p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
AB 3013 (Tracy Kenny)	<u>AB 3013 (Maienschein) – Courts: remote court reporting</u> As amended August 19, 2024 Authorizes, beginning July 1, 2025, the Superior Courts of the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Los Angeles, Mendocino, Monterey, Orange, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Joaquin, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Tulare, and Ventura to conduct pilot projects to study the potential use of remote court reporting to make the verbatim record of specified court proceedings, and specifically excludes all trials, preliminary hearings, and any capital case.	Support, if amended	SEIU California	Status Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 250)
AB 3049 (Tracy Kenny)	<u>AB 3049 (Bryan) – Dependency: court hearings</u> As amended April 17, 2024 Amends Welfare and Institutions Code section 349 which entitles a child who is the subject of a juvenile dependency proceeding to notice of the hearing and the right to be present and participate in the proceeding to expressly include nonminor dependents (NMD) in the statute and to require a series of inquiries of the child or nonminor by the court. UPDATE: As amended July 3, 2024 <i>The number of inquiries required by the court is reduced to simply asking children and NMDs who are present in court whether they have had an opportunity to consult with their counsel. Additionally, the court must advise children and NMDs that they have a right to be physically present in court.</i>	Oppose unless amended	Advokids	Status Senate Appropriations Committee <i>Held under submission</i>
AB 3196 (Heather Resetarits)	<u>AB 3196 (Nguyen) – Summary proceedings for obtaining possession of real property: demurrers</u> As amended April 11, 2024 Provides that in a summary proceeding for obtaining possession of real property, if a tenant in a commercial real property, as defined, demurs the complaint, the notice of hearing on the demurrer must designate a hearing date no more than 20 court days following the filing of the demurrer.	Oppose unless amended	California Business Properties Association	Status Senate Appropriations Committee <i>Held under submission</i>
AB 3265 (Heather Resetarits)	<u>AB 3265 (Bryan) – California Environmental Quality Act: environmental leadership media campus projects: judicial streamlining</u> As amended August 22, 2024 Establishes specified procedures for the administrative and judicial review of the environmental review and approvals granted for an environmental leadership media campus project. Requires a city within the County of Los Angeles where an environmental leadership media campus project is to be constructed to certify the project for streamlined judicial review, as specified, if the project meets certain conditions.	Oppose	Author	Status Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 255)
AB 3282 (Morgan Lardizabal)	<u>AB 3282 (Committee on Judiciary) – Courts: disposition of court facilities</u> As introduced February 29, 2024 Authorizes the Judicial Council to dispose of the Plumas/Sierra Regional Courthouse, the Modesto Main Courthouse, and the Ceres Superior Court with the net proceeds from the sale of the properties to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund. Takes effect immediately as an urgency statute.	Sponsor	Judicial Council	Status Vetoed by the Governor

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
	<p><i>UPDATE: As amended May 16, 2024</i> Requires the Judicial Council to identify and report to the Legislature and relevant policy committees on or before April 1, 2027, any fees related to civil matters, including, but not limited to, fees to access trial court filings and records, authorized by the Judicial Council or a superior court but not specifically enumerated or authorized by statute. Prohibits, commencing January 1, 2030, a superior court from charging a civil fee, regardless of whether the fee is identified in the report, that is not authorized by statute.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended June 10, 2024</i> Authorizes the Judicial Council to request financing for green improvement projects through the Golden State Financial Marketplace Program.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended August 15, 2024</i> Removes the provisions related to civil fee report. From October 1, 2026 through January 1, 2029 requires the Judicial Council to provide an update to the Assembly and Senate Judiciary committees regarding remote accessibility of electronic court records by the public.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended August 21, 2024</i> Adds back in a provision allowing the proceeds from the sale of the properties to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund.</p>			
<p>SB 21 (Tracy Kenny/Dana Cruz)</p>	<p>SB 21 (Umberg) – Civil actions: remote proceedings</p> <p>As amended February 23, 2023. Extends the July 1, 2023, sunset in Code of Civil Procedure (CCP) section 367.75 to January 1, 2026. CCP 367.75 authorizes, in civil cases where a party has provided notice they intend to appear remotely, a party to appear remotely and the court to conduct conferences, hearings, and proceedings, in whole or in part, through the use of remote technology. Requires each superior court to report annually to the Judicial Council, and the council to report annually to the Legislature, specified information to assess the impact of technology issues or problems affecting civil remote proceedings and all purchases and leases of technology or equipment to facilitate civil remote proceedings.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As Amended May 2, 2024</i> Amended to delete remote proceedings provisions and address substance abuse criminal prosecutions.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: The contents of both civil remote bills (SB 21 and SB 22) were folded into SB 133 (Stats. 2023, ch. 34), the courts’ budget trailer bill).</i></p> <p><i>NOTE: The Governor’s proposed budget for 2024-25 contains trailer bill provisions to repeal the January 1, 2025 sunset on criminal remote proceedings and repeal the January 1, 2026 sunset on civil remote proceedings.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: Following negotiations with the Governor’s office and legislative leadership, a two-year extension of the sunset date for the current provisions authorizing civil and criminal remote proceedings was included in AB 170 (Stats. 2024, ch. 51), the courts trailer bill. This authority will remain in place until January 1, 2027.</i></p>	<p>Support</p> <p>No council position as the bill no longer pertains to remote proceedings</p>	<p>Consumer Attorneys of California, California Defense Counsel, California Judges Association</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Assembly Rules Committee</p> <p><i>Failed policy committee deadline</i></p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
<p>SB 22 (Tracy Kenny/Dana Cruz)</p>	<p>SB 22 (Umberg) – Civil actions: parties and postponements</p> <p>As amended March 30, 2023. Extends, until January 1, 2026, the authority for a party to appear remotely and a court to conduct conferences, hearings, proceedings, and trials in specific types of proceedings, including juvenile delinquency and civil commitment proceedings.</p> <p>Requires the court to have a process for a party, court reporter, court interpreter, or other court personnel to alert the judicial officer of technology or audibility issues. Prohibits a court from requiring a party to appear remotely. Allows self-represented parties to appear remotely only if they agree to do so. Requires the Judicial Council to adopt rules to implement these provisions.</p> <p>Imposes various ongoing reporting requirements on courts to the Judicial Council and imposes annual reporting requirements on the council to assess, among other things, the impact of technology issues or problems affecting civil remote proceedings.</p> <p>UPDATE: As Amended January 12, 2024 <i>Amended to delete remote proceedings provisions and address substance abuse criminal prosecutions</i></p> <p>UPDATE: The contents of both civil remote bills (SB 21 and SB 22) were folded into SB 133 (Stats. 2023, ch. 34), the courts’ budget trailer bill).</p> <p>NOTE: The Governor’s proposed budget for 2024-25 contains trailer bill provisions to repeal the January 1, 2025 sunset on criminal remote proceedings and repeal the January 1, 2026 sunset on civil remote proceedings.</p> <p>UPDATE: Following negotiations with the Governor’s office and legislative leadership, a two-year extension of the sunset date for the current provisions authorizing remote proceedings in civil commitment and juvenile justice cases was included in AB 170 (Stats. 2024, ch. 51), the courts trailer bill. This authority will remain in place until January 1, 2027.</p>	<p>Support</p> <p>No council position as the bill no longer pertains to remote proceedings</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Assembly Judiciary Committee</p> <p><i>Failed policy committee deadline</i></p>
<p>SB 92 (Tracy Kenny)</p>	<p>SB 92 (Umberg) – Courts: remote proceedings for criminal cases</p> <p>As amended January 3, 2024 Extends the sunset date on authority for criminal remote proceedings provided by AB 199 (Committee on the Budget; Stats. 2022, ch. 57) and SB 135 (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review, Stats. 2023, ch. 190) to January 1, 2026.</p> <p>NOTE: The Governor’s proposed budget for 2024-25 contains trailer bill provisions to repeal the January 1, 2025 sunset on criminal remote proceedings and repeal the January 1, 2026 sunset on civil remote proceedings.</p> <p>UPDATE: Following negotiations with the Governor’s office and legislative leadership, a two-year extension of the sunset date for criminal and civil remote proceedings was included in AB 170 (Stats. 2024, ch. 51), the courts trailer bill. This authority will remain in place until January 1, 2027.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 45)</p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
	<p><i>UPDATE: As amended on June 21, 2024</i> <i>This legislation now concerns the Private Attorneys General Act of 2004. It was signed by the Governor and took effect immediately as urgency legislation on July 1, 2024 (Stats. 2024, ch. 45).</i></p>	No council position as the bill no longer pertains to remote proceedings		
<p>SB 99 (Mureed Rasool/Tracy Kenny)</p>	<p><u>SB 99 (Umberg) – Courts: remote proceedings for criminal cases</u></p> <p>As amended April 10, 2023. Extends authority for criminal remote proceedings provided by AB 199 (Committee on the Budget; Stats. 2022, ch. 57) to allow defendants, both in custody as well as out of custody, the option to appear remotely in misdemeanor and felony proceedings, except for misdemeanor trials and felony trials and sentencing.</p> <p><i>NOTE: The Governor’s proposed budget for 2024-25 contains trailer bill provisions to repeal the January 1, 2025 sunset on criminal remote proceedings and repeal the January 1, 2026 sunset on civil remote proceedings.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: Amended June 10, 2024. All provisions regarding criminal remote proceedings were removed. The bill now addresses law enforcement military equipment.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: Following negotiations with the Governor’s office and legislative leadership, a two-year extension of the sunset date for criminal and civil remote proceedings was included in AB 170 (Stats. 2024, ch. 51), the courts trailer bill. This authority will remain in place until January 1, 2027.</i></p>	<p>Support</p> <p>No council position as the bill no longer pertains to remote proceedings</p>	Author	<p>Status</p> <p>Assembly Appropriations Committee</p> <p><i>Held under submission</i></p>
<p>SB 662 (Aviva Simon)</p>	<p><u>SB 662 (Rubio) – Courts: court reporters</u></p> <p>As amended March 20, 2023</p> <p>Among other things, permits a court to electronically record any civil case if approved electronic recording (ER) equipment is available. Requires that the court make every effort to hire a court reporter before electing to electronically record the action or proceedings pursuant to these provisions. Requires a court to provide a certified shorthand reporter, as defined, the right of first refusal to transcribe an electronically reported proceeding. Requires the Judicial Council to adopt rules and standards regarding the use of electronic recordings to ensure recordings can be easily transcribed.</p> <p>Additionally, authorizes the Court Reporters Board of California to issue a provisional certificate, that would be valid for 3 years, to an individual who has passed the Registered Professional Reporter examination administered by the National Court Reporters Association or who is eligible to take the examination to become a certified shorthand reporter approved by the board, as specified.</p> <p>Finally, requires the Judicial Council to collect information from courts regarding how they are utilizing funds appropriated to recruit and hire court reporters. Requires, beginning January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until all such funds are expended, the Judicial Council to report to</p>	<p>Support</p>	Family Violence Appellate Project, Legal Aid Association of California	<p>Status</p> <p><i>Failed house of origin deadline and returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56</i></p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
	<p>the Legislature the efforts courts have taken to hire and retain court reporters and how the funds appropriated for this purpose have been spent.</p> <p>UPDATE: As amended April 27, 2023 <i>Removes the authority for provisional licensing and instead direct the Court Reporters Board to evaluate whether there is a need for applicants who have passed the national exams to demonstrate competency via a state-specific exam and report its findings to the legislature by June 1, 2024. Additionally authorizes the Board to replace the state-specific exams with a national exam if it concludes that the state exam is not necessary and is a barrier to licensure.</i></p>			
<p>SB 949 (Heather Resetarits)</p>	<p>SB 949 (Blakespear) – Superior court: lactation accommodation</p> <p>As amended June 5, 2024 Provides that beginning July 1, 2026, all Superior Courts must provide “any court user a reasonable amount of break time during a court proceeding in which the court user is participating to allow the court user to express breast milk for the individual’s infant child each time the individual has need to express breast milk.” It also requires the Judicial Council, by January 1, 2026, to adopt or amend rules of court to implement the section and allow court users to make a request via a confidential process. In addition, it completes a sentence fragment in the existing code section allowing courts to comply with the requirement to provide court users with a lactation room without complying with the Labor Code requirements for such spaces for employees.</p>	<p>Support</p>	<p>Author</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 159)</p>
<p>SB 1005 (Dana Cruz)</p>	<p>SB 1005 (Ashby) – Juveniles</p> <p>As amended March 19, 2024 Authorizes a probation officer, with the consent of the minor and the minor’s parent, to refer specified offenses to youth court, in lieu of filing a petition to declare a minor a dependent or a ward of the court, or requesting that a petition be filed by the prosecuting attorney to declare a minor a ward of the court.</p>	<p>No Position</p>	<p>California Judges Association</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 179)</p>
<p>SB 1025 (Dana Cruz)</p>	<p>SB 1025 (Eggman) – Pretrial diversion for veterans</p> <p>As amended August 23, 2024 Expands military diversion to specified felonies where the defendant’s condition was a significant factor in the commission of the charged crime, unless the court finds clear and convincing evidence it was not a motivating, causal, or contributing factor. Authorizes prosecution to request a firearm prohibition for a veteran defendant until successful completion of diversion.</p>	<p>No Position</p>	<p>California Judges Association</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 924)</p>
<p>SB 1133 (Mureed Rasool)</p>	<p>SB 1133 (Becker) – Bail</p> <p>As amended May 16, 2024 Specifies that when a court is conducting an automatic review of bail pursuant to Pen. Code, § 1270.2, the court must consider protection of the public, seriousness of the offense, and the other considerations listed in Pen. Code § 1275, and then determine whether clear and convincing evidence exists of the defendant’s risk to public safety or flight risk, and whether no less restrictive alternative to bail can reasonably protect against those risks.</p>	<p>Oppose unless amended</p>	<p>Vera Institute</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Vetoed by the Governor</p>

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Judicial Council Position	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024

Appendix
Status of 2023–24 Judicial Council-Sponsored Legislation

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
<p>AB 2283 (Heather Resetarits)</p>	<p>AB 2283 (Pacheco) – Civil actions: electronic service</p> <p>As amended May 2, 2024 Amends Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6(b) to extend the deadline by which courts must electronically transmit documents to a party who is subject to mandatory electronic service (eservice), or who has consented to accept e-service, from July 1, 2024 to July 1, 2025 and clarifies that courts may perform e-service using both electronic notification and electronic transmission. The bill additionally contains an urgency clause, meaning it will take effect immediately upon the Governor’s signature.</p>	<p>Judicial Council</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor on July 18, 2024, effective immediately (Stats. 2024, ch. 151)</p>
<p>AB 2988 (Morgan Lardizabal)</p>	<p>AB 2988 (McCarty) – Courts: disposition of court facilities</p> <p>As introduced Authorizes the Judicial Council to dispose of the Gordon D. Schaber Sacramento County Courthouse (Schaber Courthouse) with the net proceeds from the sale of the property to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended June 27, 2024</i> <i>Removed problematic competitive bid requirements for affordable housing. Requires the Judicial Council to alert the Department of Housing and Community Development and any local public entity with jurisdiction for low and moderate-income based housing development that the property is available for sale.</i></p>	<p>Judicial Council</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Signed by the Governor (Stats. 2024, ch. 973)</p>

Appendix
Status of 2023–24 Judicial Council-Sponsored Legislation

Bill No. (Advocate)	Bill No. (Author) Description and Updates	Sponsor	Status as of October 2, 2024
<p>AB 3282 (Morgan Lardizabal)</p>	<p>AB 3282 (Committee on Judiciary) – Courts: disposition of court facilities</p> <p>As introduced February 29, 2024 Authorizes the Judicial Council to dispose of the Plumas/Sierra Regional Courthouse, the Modesto Main Courthouse, and the Ceres Superior Court with the net proceeds from the sale of the properties to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund. Takes effect immediately as an urgency statute.</p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended May 16, 2024</i> <i>Requires the Judicial Council to identify and report to the Legislature and relevant policy committees on or before April 1, 2027, any fees related to civil matters, including, but not limited to, fees to access trial court filings and records, authorized by the Judicial Council or a superior court but not specifically enumerated or authorized by statute. Prohibits, commencing January 1, 2030, a superior court from charging a civil fee, regardless of whether the fee is identified in the report, that is not authorized by statute.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended June 10, 2024</i> <i>Authorizes the Judicial Council to request financing for green improvement projects through the Golden State Financial Marketplace Program.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended August 15, 2024</i> <i>Removes the provisions related to civil fee report. From October 1, 2026 through January 1, 2029 requires the Judicial Council to provide an update to the Assembly and Senate Judiciary committees regarding remote accessibility of electronic court records by the public.</i></p> <p><i>UPDATE: As amended August 21, 2024</i> <i>Adds back in a provision allowing the proceeds from the sale of the properties to be deposited into the State Court Facilities Construction Fund.</i></p>	<p>Judicial Council</p>	<p>Status</p> <p>Vetoed by the Governor</p>