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INVITATION TO COMMENT

SPR13-05

Title

Appellate Procedure: Number of Copies of Filed Documents

Proposed Rules, Forms, Standards, or Statutes Amend Cal. Rules of Court, rules 8.44, 8.70, 8.72, and 8.212

Proposed by

Appellate Advisory Committee Hon. Raymond J. Ikola, Chair **Action Requested**

Review and Submit Comments by June 19, 2013

Proposed Effective Date

January 1, 2014

Contact

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Executive Summary and Origin

This proposal for amendments to the rules on appellate procedure is intended to provide costs savings and efficiencies for litigants and for reviewing courts by decreasing the number of copies of some documents that must be filed in the Supreme Court when an electronic copy of a document is filed, specifically providing that reviewing courts may adopt local rules providing for submission of electronic copies in lieu of some or all of the paper copies of filed documents, and making other changes. This proposal originated from suggestions made by the clerk/administrator of one of the Courts of Appeal and the directors of the appellate projects that assist the reviewing courts in the appointment of appellate counsel.

Background

Rule 8.44 of the California Rules of Court specifies the number of copies of documents that must be filed in the Supreme Court and the Courts of Appeal. Currently, this rule generally requires that an original and 13 copies of a petition for review, an answer, a reply, a brief on the merits, an amicus curiae brief, an answer to an amicus curiae brief, a petition for rehearing, or an answer to a petition for rehearing be filed in the Supreme Court. It also requires an original and 10 copies of a petition for a writ within the court's original jurisdiction, an opposition or other response to the petition, or a reply be filed in the Supreme Court. The Clerk of the Supreme Court has indicated that an electronic copy of these documents could be use in lieu of some of the currently required paper copies. In addition, some reviewing courts now accept electronic copies of filed documents, but rule 8.44 does not currently provide for this option.

Rule 8.212 addresses briefs in civil appeals to the Court of Appeal. Both rule 8.212 and rule 8.44 currently provide that either one electronic copy of such briefs or four paper copies must be served on the Supreme Court. If the Court of Appeal accepts electronic copies of filed documents, it is easier to have the electronic copy of such briefs submitted to the Court of Appeal rather than the Supreme Court. Several districts of the appellate courts have already adopted this practice.

Rules 8.70–8.79 address electronic filing of documents in the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal. Electronic filing of a document is different from submission of an electronic copy of a document that was filed in paper format. Electronic filing of a document in compliance with rules 8.70–8.79 fulfills the requirement for filing the document and the date of the electronic filing is the date of filing of that document; the filing party is not required to file a paper copy of the electronically filed document. Currently, however, the rules do not specifically address whether electronic filers must provide the paper copies of filed documents specified in rule 8.44.

The Proposal

This proposal is intended to provide significant cost savings and efficiencies for litigants and for the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal by making the following changes to the rules regarding the number of copies of filed documents that must be submitted to these courts:

- Amending rule 8.44 to:
 - o Allow the submission of one electronic copy and eight paper copies instead of:
 - thirteen paper copies of petitions for review, answers, replies, briefs on the merits, amicus curiae briefs, answers to amicus curiae briefs, petitions for rehearing, and answers to a petitions for rehearing; and
 - ten paper copies of petitions for writs within the court's original jurisdiction, oppositions or other responses to such petitions, and replies to such petitions filed in the Supreme Court.

For those that submit the electronic copy, the reduced number of paper copies required will reduce costs. In criminal and juvenile matters in which parties are represented by appointed counsel, it will also reduce costs for the appointing appellate court; and

- O Specifically provide that the Supreme Court or Courts of Appeal may, by local rule, provide for the submission of an electronic copy of a filed document either in addition to the paper copies required or in place of one or more of these copies. If courts opt to replace a paper copy with an electronic copy of a document, this should reduce costs for both litigants and the appellate courts.
- Amending rules 8.44 and 8.212 to provide that the electronic copy of briefs in civil appeals to the Courts of Appeal that currently must be served on the Supreme Court must instead be submitted to the Courts of Appeal. This change will reflect current, more efficient practice; and

• Amending rules 8.70, 8.72, and 8.212(c)(2) and the advisory committee comment accompanying rule 8.44 to clarify that additional copies of documents are not required to be filed or submitted if the original document is filed electronically under rules 8.70–8.79.

Alternatives Considered

The committee considered recommending no changes to these rules but concluded that amending the rules would reduce costs for the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal and therefore that it would be preferable to propose these amendments at this time.

Implementation Requirements, Costs, and Operational Impacts

This proposal should impose no significant implementation burdens on either the superior or appellate courts and should provide significant cost savings for the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal.

Request for Specific Comments

In addition to comments on the proposal as a whole, the advisory committee is interested in comments on the following:

- Does the proposal reasonably achieve the stated purpose?
- Would this proposal have an impact on public's access to the courts? If a positive impact, please describe. If a negative impact, what changes might lessen the impact?

The advisory committee also seeks comments from *courts* on the following cost and implementation matters:

- Would the proposal provide costs savings? If so, please quantify. If not, what changes might be made that would provide savings, or greater savings?
- What would the implementation requirements be for courts? For example, training staff (please identify position and expected hours of training), revising processes and procedures (please describe), changing docket codes in case management systems, or modifying case management systems.
- Would two months from Judicial Council approval of this proposal until its effective date provide sufficient time for implementation?
- If this proposal would be cumbersome or difficult to implement in a court of your size, what changes would allow the proposal to be implemented more easily or simply in a court of your size?

Rules 8.44, 8.70, 8.72, and 8.212 of the California Rules of Court would be amended, effective January 1, 2014, to read:

1 Rule 8.44. Number of copies of filed documents 2 3 Except as these rules provide otherwise, the number of copies of every brief, petition, motion, 4 application, or other document that must be filed in a reviewing court is as follows: 5 6 **Documents filed in the Supreme Court** (a) 7 8 Except as provided in (4), An original and 13 copies of a petition for review, an (1) 9 answer, a reply, a brief on the merits, an amicus curiae brief, an answer to an amicus 10 curiae brief, a petition for rehearing, or an answer to a petition for rehearing; and 11 either 12 13 (A) 13 paper copies; or 14 15 (B) 8 paper copies and one electronic copy; 16 17 (2) Unless the court orders otherwise, an original and 10 copies of a petition for a writ 18 within the court's original jurisdiction, an opposition or other response to the 19 petition, or a reply; and either: 20 21 (A) 10 paper copies; or 22 8 paper copies and one electronic copy; 23 (B) 24 25 (3)–(6) * * * 26 27 28 (b) Documents filed in a Court of Appeal 29 30 (1) An original and 4 paper copies of a brief, an amicus curiae brief, or an answer to an 31 amicus curiae brief., and, In civil appeals, proof of delivery of for briefs other than 32 petitions for rehearing or answers thereto, 1 electronic copy or, in case of undue 33 hardship, proof of delivery of 4 paper copies to the Supreme Court, as provided in rule 34 8.212(c) is also required. For purposes of service on the Supreme Court, the term 35 "brief" does not include a petition for rehearing or answers thereto; 36 37 (2)–(7) *** 38 39 (c) **Electronic copies** 40 41 A court may provide by local rule for the submission of an electronic copy of a document either in addition to the copies of a document required to be filed under (a) or (b) or as a

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1 substitute for one or more of these copies. The local rule must specify the format of the 2 electronic copy and provide for an exception if it would cause undue hardship for a party to 3 submit an electronic copy. 4 5 **Advisory Committee Comment** 6 7 The initial sentence of this rule acknowledges that there are exceptions to this rule's requirements 8 concerning the number of copies. For example, rule 8.70 provides that if a document is filed 9 electronically under rules 8.70–8.79, only the original document is filed. See also, for example, rule 10 8.150, which specifies the number of copies of the record that must be filed. 11 12 Information about electronic submission of copies of documents can be found on the webpage for the 13 Supreme Court at: www.courts.ca.gov/appellatebriefs.htm or for the Court of Appeal District in which the 14 brief is being filed at www.courts.ca.gov.courtsofappeal.htm. 15 16 Note that submitting an electronic copy of a document under this rule or a under local rule adopted 17 pursuant to subdivision (c) does not constitute filing a document electronically under rules 8.70–8.79 and 18 thus does not substitute for the filing of the original document with the court in paper format. 19 20 21 Rule 8.70. Purpose, application, construction, and definitions, and effect of document filed 22 electronically 23 (a)-(d) * * * 24 25 26 **Effect of document filed electronically** <u>(e)</u> 27 A document filed electronically under the rules in this article has the same legal 28 (1) 29 effect as a document in paper form. 30 31 Filing a document electronically does not alter any filing deadline. <u>(2)</u> 32 If a document is filed electronically, the paper copies of the document specified in 33 (3) 34 rule 8.44 are not required to be filed. 35 36 **Advisory Committee Comment** 37 38 Subdivision (d)(3). The definition of "electronic service" has been amended to provide that a party may 39 effectuate service not only by the electronic transmission of a document, but also by providing electronic 40 notification of where a document served electronically may be located and downloaded. This amendment 41 is intended to modify the rules on electronic service to expressly authorize electronic notification as a 42 legally effective alternative means of service to electronic transmission. This rules amendment is 43 consistent with the amendment of Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6, effective January 1, 2011, to 44 authorize service by electronic notification. (See Stats. 2010, ch. 156 (Sen. Bill 1274).) The amendments 45 change the law on electronic service as understood by the appellate court in Insyst, Ltd. v. Applied 46 Materials, Inc. (2009) 170 Cal. App. 4th 1129, which interpreted the rules as authorizing electronic 47 transmission as the only effective means of electronic service.

Subdivision (e). Note that submitting an electronic copy of a document under rule 8.44 or a local rule adopted by the court does not constitute filing a document electronically under rules 8.70–8.79 and thus does not substitute for the filing of the original document with the court in paper format..

Rule 8.72. Documents that may be filed electronically

(a)-(c)***

(d) Effect of document filed electronically

- (1) A document that the court, a party, or a trial court files electronically under the rules in this article has the same legal effect as a document in paper form.
- (2) Filing a document electronically does not alter any filing deadline.

Rule 8.212. Service and filing of briefs

- (a)-(b)***
- (c) Service
 - (1)***
 - (2) <u>If a brief is not filed electronically under rules 8.70–8.79</u>, one electronic copy of each brief must be <u>served on submitted to</u> the <u>Court of Appeal Supreme Court</u> by sending the copy to the <u>Supreme Court of Appeal</u>'s electronic service address. For purposes of this requirement, the term "brief" does not include a petition for rehearing or an answer thereto.
 - (A) The copy must be a single computer file in text-searchable Portable Document Format (PDF), and it must exactly duplicate the appearance of the paper copy, including the order and pagination of all of the brief's components. By electronically serving submitting the copy, the filer certifies that the copy complies with these requirements and that all reasonable steps have been taken to ensure that the copy does not contain computer code, including viruses, that might be harmful to the court's electronic filing system for receipt of electronic copies or and to other users of that system.
 - (B) * * *
 - (C) If it would cause undue hardship for the party filing the brief to serve submit an electronic copy of the brief to the Supreme Court of Appeal, the party may instead serve four paper copies of the brief on the Supreme Court. If the Court of Appeal has ordered the brief sealed, the party serving the brief must place

all four copies of the brief in a sealed envelope and attach a cover sheet that contains the information required by rule 8.204(b)(10) and labels the contents as "CONDITIONALLY UNDER SEAL." The Court of Appeal clerk must promptly notify the Supreme Court of any court order unsealing the brief. In the absence of such notice, the Supreme Court clerk must keep all copies of the brief under seal. (3) * * * **Advisory Committee Comment**

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Subdivision (a). * * *

Subdivision (b). * * *

Subdivision (c). In subdivision (c)(2) the word "brief" means only (1) an appellant's opening brief, (2) a respondent's brief, (3) an appellant's reply brief, (4) an amicus curiae brief, or (5) an answer thereto. It follows that no other documents or papers filed in the Court of Appeal, whatever their nature, should be served on the Supreme Court. Further, only briefs filed in the Court of Appeal "in a civil appeal" must be served on the Supreme Court. It follows that no briefs filed in the Court of Appeal in criminal appeals or in original proceedings should be served on the Supreme Court.

"Electronic service address" is defined in rule 8.70. The Supreme Court's electronic filing address and additional Information about sending electronic submission of copies of briefs to the Supreme Court of Appeal can be found on the webpage for the Court of Appeal district in which the brief is being filed on the California Courts website at www.courts.ca.gov/appellatebriefs.htm_courtsofappeal.htm.

Examples of "undue hardship" under (2)(C) include but are not limited to when a party does not have access to a computer or the software necessary to prepare an electronic copy of a brief or does not have email access to electronically serve submit a brief on the Supreme to the Court of Appeal.