JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

455 Golden Gate Avenue San Francisco, California 94102-3688

Report

- TO: Members of the Judicial Council
- FROM: Probate and Mental Health Advisory Committee Hon. Don Edward Green, Chair Douglas C. Miller, Committee Counsel, 415-865-7535, douglas.miller@jud.ca.gov
- DATE: September 10, 2008
- SUBJECT: Probate—Conservatorships and Guardianships: Reporting by Institutions and Financial Institutions About Transactions in Assets, Accounts, and Safe-Deposit Boxes of Wards and Conservatees Held by the Institutions (adopt Cal. Rules of Court, rules 7.1011 and 7.1061; revise forms GC-050, GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350) (Action Required)

Issue Statement

Since 2001, Probate Code sections 2890–2893 have required institutions and financial institutions¹ to report directly to courts supervising guardians and conservators certain transactions in assets, accounts, and safe-deposit boxes of wards and conservatees held by the institutions or financial institutions. Mandatory Judicial Council forms² have been adopted for these organizations to use for their reports to the court, but their compliance with the requirements of the statute has been uneven.

¹ An "institution" is defined in Probate Code section 2890(c) as an insurance company, insurance broker or agent, investment company, investment bank, securities broker-dealer, investment advisor, financial planner, financial advisor or any other person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a guardianship or conservatorship that is not a "financial institution" as defined in section 2892(b). The latter section defines a "financial institution" as a bank, trust, savings and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, or credit union.

² Institutions must use the *Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset of Minor or Conservatee* (form GC-050). Financial institutions must use the *Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box* (form GC-051).

The Probate Code provisions neither sanction institutions and financial institutions for failure to comply with the requirements of the law nor require guardians or conservators to take steps to help these organizations comply with them. This proposal would address this situation by (1) requiring court-appointed conservators and guardians to deliver copies of their *Letters of Conservatorship* and *Letters of Guardianship* (collectively referred to as "Letters") and the appropriate reporting form to institutions and financial institutions when the fiduciaries engage in transactions subject to the law, and (2) revising the forms of temporary and general Letters to provide detailed advice to the affected institutions and financial institutions about their responsibilities under the law.

Recommendation

The Probate and Mental Health Advisory Committee proposes that the Judicial Council, effective January 1, 2009:

- 1. Adopt rules 7.1011 and 7.1061 of the California Rules of Court to require guardians and conservators of estates to deliver their *Letters of Guardianship* and *Letters of Conservatorship* and the appropriate Judicial Council report forms to affected institutions and financial institutions when these fiduciaries collect assets, accounts, or the contents of safe-deposit boxes of their wards or conservatees held by the institutions or financial institutions;
- 2. Revise the temporary and general *Letters of Guardianship* and *Letters of Conservatorship* (forms GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350) to include instructions to institutions and financial institutions concerning their responsibilities under Probate Code sections 2890–2893; and
- 3. Revise the *Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset of Minor or Conservatee* (form GC-050) to enable institutions to report all transactions in a ward's or conservatee's assets held by the institution in a single report.

The text of rules 7.1011 and 7.1061 is attached at pages 7–9; copies of revised forms GC-150, GC-250, GC-350, and GC-050 are attached at pages 10–16.

Rationale for Recommendation

Probate Code sections 2890–2893 require institutions and financial institutions to report directly to the court certain transactions in assets, accounts, and safe-deposit boxes of wards and conservatees held by them.³ These transactions usually take

³ Reportable transactions in an asset held by an institution are referred to in rule 7.1011(a)(3) and 7.1061(a)(3) as those in which the fiduciary takes possession or control of the asset. Taking possession or control of an asset includes changing its title and withdrawing or transferring all or any portion of it from the institution (Prob. Code, § 2890(b)). Reportable transactions in an account or safe-deposit box held by a financial institution are referred to in rules 7.1011(a)(3) and

the form of transfers of title to the assets to the guardians and conservators of the estates of the wards and conservatees in their fiduciary capacity, most often shortly after the fiduciaries are appointed by the court. These transactions are part of the normal function of these fiduciaries to marshal or collect the assets of the wards or conservatees.

The Probate Conservatorship Task Force, court probate staffs, and judicial officers hearing guardianships and conservatorships have reported to the advisory committee that institutions and financial institutions have substantially failed to comply with the law.⁴ This failure may be attributable to the following:

- The institutions and financial institutions with a duty to report are not parties in the guardianship or conservatorship proceedings. The court does not have direct control over their activities in the ordinary course of the proceedings.
- Although the court does have direct control and authority over the appointed guardian or conservator, the law does not obligate these fiduciaries to take any action to help an institution or financial institution fulfill its obligations under the law.
- The statute does not prescribe a sanction the court (or any other agency of government) may impose on the institution or financial institution for its failure to report a transaction.

Rules 7.1011 and 7.1061

The advisory committee seeks to improve the performance of institutions and financial institutions under sections 2890–2893 by recommending adoption of rules of court that require a guardian (rule 7.1011) or conservator (rule 7.1061) to deliver a blank copy of the appropriate reporting form (GC-050 or GC-051) together with a certified copy of the fiduciary's *Letters of Temporary Guardianship or Conservatorship, Letters of Guardianship,* or *Letters of Conservatorship* (forms GC-150, GC-250, or GC-350) to an institution or financial institution when entering into a transaction concerning an asset, account, or safe-deposit box of a ward or conservatore held by the institution.

^{7.1061(}c) and Probate Code section 2892(b) as opening or changing the name on the account or safe-deposit box.

⁴ The Final Report of the Probate Conservatorship Task Force, accepted by the Judicial Council in October 2007, includes Recommendation No. 34, which states:

It is the task force's view that the provisions of Probate Code sections 2892 and 2893 are not being uniformly followed. A procedure should be developed to follow up on a statewide basis to ensure that banking institutions comply with mandatory reporting requirements.

Forms GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350

The temporary and general *Letters of Guardianship* and *Letters of Conservatorship* that would be delivered to institutions and financial institutions under the proposed new rules of court are revised to provide detailed advice to institutions or financial institutions concerning their reporting duties under sections 2890–2893 and how to discharge these responsibilities. The advice is added to the second page of each form.

Form GC-050

The form designed for use by reporting institutions under Probate Code section 2890 is revised to comply with Probate Code section 2891(c) by clarifying that the institution may report on all assets of a ward or conservatee held by the institution in a single form (see last sentence of the first paragraph of the "Note to Institution" at the top of the form). Item 3 of the form would be revised to refer to an attachment for showing information about additional assets.

Alternative Actions Considered

In response to a comment received from the Superior Court of San Diego County, the advisory committee considered establishing by rule requirements that fiduciaries collect completed transaction reports from institutions and financial institutions and file them with the court. The committee elected not to do so because it believes that one of the major purposes of the law is to provide courts with information about financial transactions of guardians and conservators from independent sources.

Comments From Interested Parties

This proposal was circulated for comment to a list of judicial officers, probate examiners and attorneys, other court staff interested in probate matters, court selfhelp center representatives, probate-interest sections of the State Bar and local bar associations, and representatives of other organizations interested in probate matters. It was also circulated to court executive officers, presiding judges, individuals, and organizations with a more general interest in court-related issues.

Seven comments were received. A chart showing the comments received and the advisory committee's responses is attached at pages 17–20. All commentators approved of the proposal, but most also suggested additional modifications.

Ms. Cheryl Kanatzar, the Deputy Executive Officer of the Superior Court of Ventura County, recommended that the *Letters of Conservatorship* (form GC-350) be revised to provide an expiration date in the body of the form. The advisory committee declined to implement this recommendation because there is no authority under the Probate Code for an automatic expiration date for general *Letters of Conservatorship*.

The Superior Court of Los Angeles County made three recommendations. The recommendations and the committee's responses are described below.

1. The two report forms, GC-050 and GC-051, should be combined into a single form.

The committee does not support this recommendation. The information requested in these two forms differs considerably. A combined form would be longer than each of the two forms now in use and would force each type of institution to consider questions inapplicable to it, leading to increased confusion, compliance time, and expense. This in turn might increase resistance and could result in less rather than greater compliance by affected institutions and financial institutions.

2. The captions of the temporary and general *Letters of Guardianship* and *Letters of Conservatorship* (forms GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350) should refer to the advice to institutions and financial institutions that would be added by this proposal.

The committee declined to propose this change. *Letters of Guardianship* and *Letters of Conservatorship* perform many functions unrelated to their role proposed in this report to give advice to institutions and financial institutions. The affected institutions would become aware of their responsibilities under Probate Code sections 2890–2893 as they receive more copies of the revised Letters over time; there should be no need to emphasize the advice they would receive by retitling the forms.

3. The fiduciary's affirmation should precede the Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions on page 2 of the Letters.

The advisory committee believes the affirmation should be kept in its present location in the revised forms, just above the clerk's certification at the bottom of the second page. The notice text includes advice that the fiduciary will provide a copy of the appropriate report form (form GC-050 or form GC-051). Placing this advice immediately before the fiduciary's affirmation should emphasize to the fiduciary his or her responsibility under the new rules of court to deliver the report forms to affected institutions.

The Superior Court of Sacramento County recommended that the report forms (forms GC-050 and GC-051) should instruct institutions and financial institutions to serve a copy of completed forms on the fiduciaries. The advisory committee disagrees with this recommendation. Probate Code sections 2890–2893 do not require affected institutions and financial institutions to serve copies of the completed report forms on the guardian or conservator, who would already be

aware of the transactions he or she had initiated. Imposition of this duty and increased expense on reporting institutions and financial institutions could discourage greater compliance with the statutory requirements.

As noted above under Alternative Actions Considered, the Superior Court of San Diego County recommended that legislation should be sought to require fiduciaries to collect completed report forms from affected institutions and financial institutions and see that they are filed with the court. The advisory committee believes that this change would interfere with the statutory purpose of the current law to provide the court with independent information about the transactions covered by the law.

Implementation Requirements and Costs

This proposal will result in the usual costs associated with the adoption and distribution of new California Rules of Court and the revision of Judicial Council forms. The increased duties of guardians and conservators required by the new rules would also increase the costs incurred by these fiduciaries in the performance of their duties and the compensation requested by them. Some of these costs and all increases in compensation approved by courts will be paid by the estates of the wards and conservatees in their charge. The advisory committee believes, however, that these costs and additional compensation would be modest.

Rules 7.1011 and 7.1061 of the California Rules of Court are adopted, effective January 1, 2009, to read:

1	<u>Rule</u>	e 7.10	11. Taking possession of an asset of the ward at an institution or	
2		opening or changing ownership of an account or safe-deposit box in a		
3		<u>fina</u>	ncial institution	
4				
5	<u>(a)</u>	Defi	<u>nitions</u>	
6				
7		<u>As u</u>	sed in this rule, the following terms have the meanings stated below:	
8				
9		<u>(1)</u>	An "institution" is an insurance company, insurance broker, insurance	
10			agent, investment company, investment bank, securities broker-dealer,	
11			investment adviser, financial planner, financial adviser, or any other	
12			person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a guardianship	
13			that is not a "financial institution" within the meaning of this rule;	
14		$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$		
15		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A "financial institution" is a bank, trust (except as provided in (d)),</u>	
16			savings and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, or credit	
17			union; and	
18 19		(3)	"Taking possession" or "taking control" of an asset held or controlled	
20		<u>()</u>	by an institution includes changing title to the asset, withdrawing all or	
20			any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset	
21			from the institution.	
23			<u>Hom the institution.</u>	
24	(b)	Rest	oonsibilities of the guardian when taking possession or control of an	
25	<u> </u>		t of the ward at an institution	
26				
27		Whe	n taking possession or control of an asset held by an institution in the	
28		name	e of the ward, the temporary or general guardian of the estate must	
29		provide the following to the institution:		
30				
31		(1)	A certified copy of the guardian's Letters of Temporary Guardianship	
32			or Conservatorship (form GC-150) or Letters of Guardianship (form	
33			GC-250) containing the Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions	
34			on the second page; and	
35				
36		<u>(2)</u>	A blank copy of a Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset	
37			of Minor or Conservatee (form GC-050).	

1	(<u>c)</u>		oonsibilities of the guardian when opening or changing the name on
2 3		<u>an a</u>	ccount or a safe-deposit box in a financial institution
3		** *1	
4			n opening or changing the name on an account or a safe-deposit box in a
5			ncial institution, the temporary or general guardian of the estate must
6		prov	ide the following to the financial institution:
7 8		(1)	A cortified convert the quardian's Letters of Terrinoram Cuardianship
o 9		<u>(1)</u>	<u>A certified copy of the guardian's Letters of Temporary Guardianship</u> or Conservatorship (form GC-150) or Letters of Guardianship (form
10			<u>GC-250</u> containing the Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions
11			on the second page; and
12			<u></u>
13		(2)	A blank copy of a Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or
14		<u></u>	Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box (form GC-051).
15			
16	<u>(d)</u>	App	lication of this rule to trust arrangements
17			
18		This	rule applies to Totten trust accounts, but does not apply to any other
19		trust	arrangement described in Probate Code section 82(b).
20			
21			
22	Rul		61. Taking possession of an asset of the conservatee at an institution
23			<u>pening or changing ownership of an account or safe-deposit box in a</u>
24		<u>fina</u>	ncial institution
25		D (1	
26	<u>(a)</u>	Defi	<u>nitions</u>
27		A	
28		<u>As u</u>	sed in this rule, the following terms have the meanings stated below:
29 30		(1)	An "institution" is an insurance company insurance broker insurance
30 31		<u>(1)</u>	An "institution" is an insurance company, insurance broker, insurance agent, investment company, investment bank, securities broker-dealer,
31			investment adviser, financial planner, financial adviser, or any other
33			person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a guardianship
33 34			that is not a "financial institution" within the meaning of this rule;
35			that is not a "infancial institution" within the incaring of this fule,
36		<u>(2)</u>	A "financial institution" is a bank, trust (except as provided in (d)),
37		<u>(=)</u>	savings and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, or credit
38			union; and
39			
40		(3)	"Taking possession" or "taking control" of an asset held or controlled
41		<u>. </u>	by an institution includes changing title to the asset, withdrawing all or
42			any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset
43			from the institution.

1				
2	<u>(b)</u>	Responsibilities of the conservator when taking possession or control of		
3		an asset of the conservatee at an institution		
4				
5		When taking possession or control of an asset held by an institution in the		
6		name of the conservatee, the temporary, general, or limited conservator of		
7		the estate must provide the following to the institution:		
8		(1) A contified convert the concentration's Latters of Town onem.		
9 10		(1) <u>A certified copy of the conservator's <i>Letters of Temporary</i> <i>Cuandianabia on Conservatorship (form CC</i> 150) on <i>Letters of</i></u>		
10		<u>Guardianship or Conservatorship (form GC-150) or Letters of</u>		
11 12		<u>Conservatorship (form GC-350) containing the Notice to Institutions</u> and Einengial Institutions on the second page; and		
12		and Financial Institutions on the second page; and		
13 14		(2) A blank copy of a Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset		
14		of Minor or Conservatee (form GC-050).		
16		of minor or conservatee (101111 OC-050).		
17	<u>(c)</u>	Responsibilities of the conservator when opening or changing the name		
18	<u>(C)</u>	on an account or a safe-deposit box at a financial institution		
19		on an account of a sarc-ucposit box at a maneiar institution		
20		When opening or changing the name on an account or a safe-deposit box in a		
20		financial institution, the temporary, general, or limited conservator of the		
22		estate must provide the following to the financial institution:		
23		estate must provide the following to the infancial institution.		
2 4		(1) A certified copy of the guardian's <i>Letters of Temporary Guardianship</i>		
25		or Conservatorship (form GC-150) or Letters of Conservatorship (form		
26		GC-350) containing the Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions		
27		on the second page; and		
28				
29		(2) A blank copy of a Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or		
30		<i>Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box</i> (form GC-051).		
31				
32	(d)	Application of this rule to Totten trust accounts		
33	<u> </u>			
34		This rule applies to Totten trust accounts, but does not apply to any other		
35		trust arrangement described in Probate Code section 82(b).		

	GC-150			
	RNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):			
After recording return to:				
L				
TELEPHONE NO.:				
FAX NO. (Optional):				
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):				
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):				
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNI STREET ADDRESS:	IA, COUNTY OF			
MAILING ADDRESS:				
CITY AND ZIP CODE:				
BRANCH NAME:				
		FOR RE	CORDER'S USE ONLY	
OF (Name):			CASE NUMBER:	
			FOR COURT USE ONLY	
LETTERS OF TEMPORA		CONSERVATORSHIP	FOR COURT USE ONLY	
	Person	Estate		
	LETTERS			
1. <i>(Name):</i>				
is appointed temporary	guardian conservator	of the person		
estate of (name):				
2. Other powers that ha	ave been granted or restrictions impos	ed on the temporary		
		in Attachment 2.		
specified below				
2 Those Lottors shall evolve				
3. These Letters shall expire				
a on <i>(date)</i> :	or upon earlier issue	ance of Letters to a general g	uardian or conservator.	
b on other date (sp	ecify):			
4 The temporary		ot authorized to take possession	on of money or any other property	
without a specific cou	urt order.			
5. Number of pages attached:				
WITNESS, clerk of the court, with seal of the court affixed.				
WITNESS, CIER OF THE COURT,	with seal of the court anxed.			
(SEAL)	Date:			
	Clerk, by		, Deputy	
			, 20paty	
			Page 1 of 2	
This form may be recorded as notic	ce of the establishment of a temporary conser	vatorship of the estate as provided	in Probate Code section 1875.	

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California GC-150 [Rev. January 1, 2009] LETTERS OF TEMPORARY GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP (Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships) Probate Code, §§ 2250 et seq., 2890–2893; Code of Civil Procedure, § 2015.6 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

	CASE NUMBER:
(Name):	

NOTICE TO INSTITUTIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Probate Code sections 2890–2893)

When these *Letters of Temporary Guardianship* or *Letters of Temporary Conservatorship* (Letters) are delivered to you as an employee or other representative of an *institution* or *financial institution* (described below) in order for the temporary guardian or temporary conservator of the estate (1) to take possession or control of an asset of the minor or conservatee named above held by your institution (including changing title, withdrawing all or any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset) or (2) to open or change the name of an account or a safe-deposit box in your financial institution to reflect the guardianship or conservatorship, you must fill out Judicial Council form GC-050 (for an institution) or form GC-051 (for a financial institution). An officer authorized by your institution or financial institution must date and sign the form, and you must file the completed form with the court.

There is no filing fee for filing the form. You may either arrange for personal delivery of the form or mail it to the court for filing at the address given for the court on page 1 of these Letters.

The temporary guardian or temporary conservator should deliver a blank copy of the appropriate form to you with these Letters, but it is your institution's or financial institution's responsibility to complete the correct form, have an authorized officer sign it, and file the completed form with the court. If the correct form is not delivered with these Letters or is unavailable for any other reason, blank copies of the forms may be obtained from the court. The forms may also be accessed from the judicial branch's public Web site free of charge. The Internet address (URL) is *www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms/*. Select the form group *Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships* and scroll down to form GC-050 for an institution or form GC-051 for a financial institution. The forms may be printed out as blank forms and filled in by typewriter (nonfillable form), or may be filled out online and printed out ready for signature and filing (fillable form).

An *institution* under California Probate Code section 2890(c) is an insurance company, insurance broker, insurance agent, investment company, investment bank, securities broker-dealer, investment advisor, financial planner, financial advisor, or any other person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a conservatorship or guardianship other than a financial institution. Institutions must file a *Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset of Minor or Conservatee* (form GC-050) for an asset of the minor or conservatee held by the institution. A single form may be filed for all affected assets held by the institution.

A financial institution under California Probate Code section 2892(b) is a bank, trust (including a Totten trust account but excluding other trust arrangements described in Probate Code section 82(b)), savings and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, or credit union. Financial institutions must file a *Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box* (form GC-051) for an account or a safe deposit box held by the financial institution. A single form may be filed for all effected eccentre and for deposit box held by the financial institution.

LETTERS OF		
	AFFIRI	MATION
I solemnly affirm that I will perfor	m according to law the duties of te	emporary guardian conservator.
Executed on (date):	, at <i>(place):</i>	
(TYPE OR PRIN	Γ NAME)	(SIGNATURE OF APPOINTEE)

CERTIFICATION

I certify that this document, including any attachments, is a correct copy of the original on file in my office and that the Letters issued to the person appointed above have not been revoked, annulled, or set aside and are still in full force and effect.

(SEAL)	Date:	
	Clerk, by	 , Deputy
GC-150 [Rev. January 1, 2009]		

GC-150

		GC-250			
ATTORNEY OR PARTY W	ITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY			
TELEPHONE	NO.: FAX NO. (Optional):				
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Option	nal):				
ATTORNEY FOR (Na	me):				
SUPERIOR COUL	RT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF				
STREET ADDR	ESS:				
MAILING ADDR					
CITY AND ZIP CO					
BRANCH NA GUARDIANSHIP OF					
(Name):					
	MINOR				
	LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP Person Estate	CASE NUMBER:			
	LETTERS				
1. <i>(Name):</i>	is appointed gua	Irdian of the person estate			
of (name):					
2. Other por	wers have been granted and conditions have been imposed as follows:				
a. 📃	a. Powers to be exercised independently under Probate Code section 2590 are specified in attachment 2a (specify powers, restrictions, conditions, and limitations).				
b. 🔛	b. Conditions relating to the care and custody of the property under Probate Code section 2402 are specified in attachment 2b.				
c.	c. Conditions relating to the care, treatment, education, and welfare of the minor under Probate Code section 2358 are specified in attachment 2c.				
d. 📃	Other powers granted or conditions imposed are specified on atta	chment 2d. Specified below.			

The guardian is not authorized to take possession of money or any other property without a specific court order. 3. [

4. Number of pages attached: _____

WITNESS, clerk of the court, with seal of the court affixed.

		(SEAL) Date:
, Deputy		Clerk, by
Page 1 of 2		
Probate Code, §§ 2310, 2311, 2890–2893 www.courtinfo.ca.go	LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP	Form Adopted for Mandatory Use

<u> </u>	2	2	6	n
U	ີ	~	J	υ

(Name):

CASE NUMBER:

MINOR

NOTICE TO INSTITUTIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Probate Code sections 2890–2893)

When these *Letters of Guardianship* (Letters) are delivered to you as an employee or other representative of an *institution* or *financial institution* (described below) in order for the guardian of the estate (1) to take possession or control of an asset of the minor named above held by your institution (including changing title, withdrawing all or any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset) or (2) to open or change the name of an account or a safe-deposit box in your financial institution to reflect the guardianship, you must fill out Judicial Council form GC-050 (for an institution) or form GC-051 (for a financial institution). An officer authorized by your institution or financial institution must date and sign the form, and you must file the completed form with the court.

There is no filing fee for filing the form. You may either arrange for personal delivery of the form or mail it to the court for filing at the address given for the court on page 1 of these Letters.

The guardian should deliver a blank copy of the appropriate form to you with these Letters, but it is your institution's or financial institution's responsibility to complete the correct form, have an authorized officer sign it, and file the completed form with the court. If the correct form is not delivered with these Letters or is unavailable for any other reason, blank copies of the forms may be obtained from the court. The forms may also be accessed from the judicial branch's public Web site free of charge. The Internet address (URL) is *www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms/.* Select the form group *Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships* and scroll down to form GC-050 for an institution or form GC-051 for a financial institution. The forms may be printed out as blank forms and filled in by typewriter (nonfillable form) or may be filled out online and printed out ready for signature and filing (fillable form).

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A *financial institution* under California Probate Code section 2892(b) is a bank, trust (including a Totten trust account but excluding other trust arrangements described in Probate Code section 82(b)), savings and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, or credit union. Financial institutions must file a *Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box* (form GC-051) for an account or a safe-deposit box held by the financial institution. A single form may be filed for all affected accounts or safe-deposit boxes held by the financial institution.

	LETTERS OF GUARDIAN AFFIRMATION	ISHIP		
I solemnly affirm that I will perform according to law the duties of guardian.				
Executed on (date):	, at <i>(place):</i>			
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF APPOINTEE)		

CERTIFICATION

I certify that this document, including any attachments, is a correct copy of the original on file in my office, and that the Letters issued to the person appointed above have not been revoked, annulled, or set aside, and are still in full force and effect.

(SEAL)	Date:	
	Clerk, by	, Deputy

GC-250 [Rev. January 1, 2009]

LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP (Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships)

GC-350		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):		
After recording return to:		
TELEPHONE NO.:		
FAX NO. (Optional):		
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF		
STREET ADDRESS:		
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: BRANCH NAME:	FOR RECORDER	'S USE ONLY
CONSERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBE	
(Name):		
(Name).	CONSERVATEE	
LETTERS OF CONSERVATORSHIP		FOR COURT USE ONLY
Person Estate Limited Cons		FOR COORT USE ONE T
1. (Name):	is the appointed	
conservator imited conservator of the	person estate	
of (name):		
2. (For conservatorship that was on December 31, 1980, a	uardianship of an adult	
or of the person of a married minor) (Name):		
was appointed the guardian of the person	estate by order dated	
(specify): and is now the conse		
 person estate of (name): 3 Other powers have been granted or conditions imposed a 	s follows:	
a. Exclusive authority to give consent for and to require		reatment that the conservator
in good faith based on medical advice determines to		
limitations stated in Probate Code section 2356.	Ş	
(1) This treatment shall be performed by an a	ccredited practitioner of the religion	whose tenets and practices
call for reliance on prayer alone for healin	g of which the conservatee was an a	dherent prior to the
establishment of the conservatorship.		
(2) (If court order limits duration) This medica		·
b. Authority to place the conservatee in a care or nursin		
 c. Authority to authorize the administration of medicatio Probate Code section 2356.5(c). 	is appropriate for the care and treat	ment of dementia described in
d. Powers to be exercised independently under Probate	Code section 2590 are specified in	Attachment 3d (specify powers.
restrictions, conditions, and limitations).		
e. Conditions relating to the care and custody of proper	y under Probate Code section 2402	are specified in Attachment 3e.
f. Conditions relating to the care, treatment, education,	and welfare of the conservatee unde	er Probate Code section 2358
are specified in Attachment 3f.		
 g. (For limited conservatorship only) Powers of the limit are specified in Attachment 3g. 	ed conservator of the person under H	Probate Code section 2351.5
h. (For limited conservatorship only) Powers of the limit	ed conservator of the estate under P	robate Code section 1830(b)
are specified in Attachment 3h.		
i. Other powers granted or conditions imposed are spe	cified in Attachment 3i.	
(SEAL) 4. The conservator is not author specific court order.	rized to take possession of money c	or any other property without a
5. Number of pages attached:		
	of the court affixed	
WITNESS, clerk of the court, with seal		
Date:		
Clerk, by		, Deputy Page 1 of 2
		1 age 1 01 2

CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name): CASE NUMBER:

GC-350

CONSERVATEE

NOTICE TO INSTITUTIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Probate Code sections 2890–2893)

When these *Letters of Conservatorship* (Letters) are delivered to you as an employee or other representative of an *institution* or *financial institution* (described below) in order for the conservator of the estate (1) to take possession or control of an asset of the conservatee named above held by your institution (including changing title, withdrawing all or any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset) or (2) to open or change the name of an account or a safe-deposit box in your financial institution to reflect the conservatorship, you must fill out Judicial Council form GC-050 (for an institution) or form GC-051 (for a financial institution). An officer authorized by your institution or financial institution must date and sign the form, and you must file the completed form with the court.

There is no filing fee for filing the form. You may either arrange for personal delivery of the form or mail it to the court for filing at the address given for the court on page 1 of these Letters.

The conservator should deliver a blank copy of the appropriate form to you with these Letters, but it is your institution's or financial institution's responsibility to complete the correct form, have an authorized officer sign it, and file the completed form with the court. If the correct form is not delivered with these Letters or is unavailable for any other reason, blank copies of the forms may be obtained from the court. The forms may also be accessed from the judicial branch's public Web site free of charge. The Internet address (URL) is *www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms/.* Select the form group *Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships* and scroll down to form GC-050 for an institution or form GC-051 for a financial institution. The forms may be printed out as blank forms and filled in by typewriter (nonfillable form) or may be filled out online and printed out ready for signature and filing (fillable form).

An *institution* under California Probate Code section 2890(c) is an insurance company, agent, or broker; an investment company; an investment bank; a securities broker-dealer; an investment advisor; a financial planner; a financial advisor; or any other person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a guardianship other than a financial institution. Institutions must file a *Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset of Minor or Conservatee* (form GC-050) for an asset of the conservatee held by the institution. A single form may be filed for all affected assets held by the institution.

A financial institution under California Probate Code section 2892(b) is a bank, a trust, a savings and loan association, a savings bank, an industrial bank, or a credit union. Financial institutions must file a *Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box* (form GC-051) for an account or a safe-deposit box held by the financial institution. A single form may be filed for all affected accounts or safe-deposit boxes held by the financial institution.

LETTERS OF CONSERVATORSHIP							
	AFFIRMATION						
I solemnly affirm that I will perform according to	law the duties of	conservator	limited conservator.				
Executed on (date):	, at <i>(place):</i>						
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)			(SIGNATURE OF APPOINTEE)				

CERTIFICATION

I certify that this document, including any attachments, is a correct copy of the original on file in my office, and that the Letters issued to the person appointed above have not been revoked, annulled, or set aside, and are still in full force and effect.

(SEAL)	Date:	
	Clerk, by	_ , Deputy

GC-350 [Rev. January 1, 2009]

LETTERS OF CONSERVATORSHIP (Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships)

Page 2 of 2

	GC-050				
NAME OF INSTITUTION:	FOR COURT USE ONLY				
ADDRESS:					
CONTACT PERSON:					
TITLE: TELEPHONE NO:					
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF					
STREET ADDRESS:					
MAILING ADDRESS:					
CITY AND ZIP CODE: BRANCH NAME:					
(Name):					
	NO FILING FEE				
NOTICE OF TAKING POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF AN ASSET OF MINOR OR CONSERVATEE	CASE NUMBER:				
NOTE TO INSTITUTION					
When a guardian or conservator of the estate of a minor or conservatee takes possession or control of an asset of the minor or conservatee held or controlled by an institution, Probate Code section 2890 requires the institution to file a statement with the court having jurisdiction over the guardianship or conservatorship and identified in the <i>Letters of Guardianship</i> or <i>Letters of Conservatorship</i> . The statement must contain the information specified below concerning the institution. A single statement may cover all assets of a minor or conservatee held by the institution. An "institution" is defined in Probate Code section 2890(c) as an insurance company, insurance broker, insurance agent, investment company, investment bank, securities broker-dealer, investment advisor, financial planner, financial advisor, or any other person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a conservatorship or guardianship (other than a financial institution as defined in Probate Code section 2892(b)). "Taking possession or control of an asset" includes changing title to the asset, withdrawing all or any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset from the institution.					
a. Minor or conservatee (name):					
 b. Guardian or conservator of the estate (name): 2. Institution information 					
a. Institution (name and type):					
b. Address:					
 3. Asset information a. Account, policy, or other identification number: b. Type of asset: c. Value or, if it is not known, the estimated value of the asset on the date Letters of Gua were issued by the court to the guardian or conservator (this information must be give statements from the institution to asset owners): 					
Information on additional assets of the minor or conservatee named above held	by the institution is stated in attachment 3.				
4. The guardian or conservator presented <i>Letters of Guardianship</i> or <i>Letters of Conservator</i> conservator as the guardian or conservator of the estate of the minor or conservatee name					
5. I am an officer of the institution identified in this statement, and I am authorized to sign th	is statement on its behalf.				
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing, true and correct.					
Date:					

Dale.				
(TYPE C	R PRINT NAME)	(AUTHO	RIZED SIGNATURE)	
Title:		Telephone no.:		Page 1 of 1
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California GC-050 [Rev. January 1, 2009]	ASSET OF MINOR	ESSION OR CONTROL OF A OR CONSERVATEE ps and Conservatorships)	N Cal. Rules of C	Probate Code, § 2890; Court, rules 7.1011, 7.1061 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

Probate—Conservatorships and Guardianships: Reporting by Institutions and Financial Institutions About Transactions in Assets, Accounts, and Safe-Deposit Boxes of Wards and Conservatees Held by the Institutions

(adopt Cal. Rules of Court, rules 7.1011, 7.1061, revise forms GC-050, GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commentator	Position	Comment	Advisory Committee Response
1.	Hon. Mary Ann Grilli Judge of the Superior Court of Santa Clara County San Jose	AM	Rule 7.1011(b) appears to deal with both guardianships and conservatorships, but its title refers only to guardianships. If the intent here is to deal with both, then the word conservatee needs to be added on line 27 and letters of conservatorship need to be added to (1). This recurs in (c). This same issue occurs in rule 7.1061. On its face, the rule appears to deal only with conservatorships, however, guardianships are mentioned in (b)(1) and (2) and (c)(1) and (2).	Rule 7.1011 governs only guardianships and rule 7.1061 governs only conservatorships. The words "conservatorship" in rule 7.1011(b) and (c) and "guardianship" in rule 7.1061(b) and (c) are references to <i>Letters of Temporary Guardianship</i> <i>or Conservatorship</i> (form GC-150) and the reporting forms for institutions (form GC-050) and financial institutions (form GC-051), These forms are used in both guardianships and conservatorships.
			Perhaps the sections could be combined into a single section. Alternatively, the sections relating to guardianships could be one section and the ones for conservatorships could be another.	There are separate rules for guardianships and conservatorships because of the structure of title 7 of the rules of court, which places rules concerning each type of proceeding in separate chapters (except for rules that deal with accountings in these matters and in decedents' estates, which are in a third chapter).
2.	Ms. Cheryl Kanatzar Deputy Executive Officer Superior Court of Ventura County Ventura	AM	The text in the Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions on form number GC-350 should be modified to fit in the text box. Unable to read last sentence in the draft of the form attached to the Invitation to Comment.	The text has been corrected.
			The Letters of Conservatorship should reflect an expiration date.	There is no authority in the Probate Code for an automatic expiration date in general Letters of Conservatorship.

Probate—Conservatorships and Guardianships: Reporting by Institutions and Financial Institutions About Transactions in Assets, Accounts, and Safe-Deposit Boxes of Wards and Conservatees Held by the Institutions

(adopt Cal. Rules of Court, rules 7.1011, 7.1061, revise forms GC-050, GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commentator	Position	Comment	Advisory Committee Response
3.	Staff Counsel Services and Self-Help Division Superior Court of San Bernardino County San Bernardino	A	Agree with proposed changes	No response necessary.
4.	Superior Court of Los Angeles County Los Angeles	A, AM	Forms GC-050 and GC-051 could be combined into a single form. This action would eliminate the possibility that the conservator or guardian (including temporary conservators or guardians) would deliver the incorrect form to the institution or financial institution. If the forms are combined, Rules 7.1011 and 7.1061 must be amended. If the report forms are not combined:	The advisory committee declines to make this change. The information requested of institutions and financial institutions in these two forms differs significantly. A combined form would be overly long, would present institutions and financial institutions with potentially confusing inquiries not relevant to their respective operations, and would likely decrease rather than increase cooperation of the affected institutions.
			Rules 7.1101 and 7.1061: Agree with proposals. Judicial Council forms: Form GC-050: Agree with proposal.	No response necessary. No response necessary.
			Forms GC-150, GC-250 and GC-350: Should the captions include references to	The Letters of Guardianship and Conservatorship perform many important functions not related to

Probate—Conservatorships and Guardianships: Reporting by Institutions and Financial Institutions About Transactions in Assets, Accounts, and Safe-Deposit Boxes of Wards and Conservatees Held by the Institutions (adopt Cal. Rules of Court, rules 7.1011, 7.1061, revise forms GC-050, GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commentator	Position	Comment	Advisory Committee Response
			"Notice to Institutions and Financial Institutions?" This would alert the Institutions and Financial Institutions that information concerning them is in the forms.	their proposed role to notify institutions and financial institutions of their responsibilities under the law. Newly appointed fiduciaries would be required under the new rules of court to deliver copies of the Letters to affected institutions and financial institutions. These organizations will soon become aware of the information provided in the forms concerning their duties.
			Shouldn't the fiduciary's affirmation appear before the "Notice To Institutions and Financial Institutions?"	The advisory committee believes the affirmation should be kept in its present location, just above the clerk's certification. The notice text includes advice that the fiduciary will provide a copy of the appropriate notice form (GC-050 or GC-051). Placing this advice immediately before the fiduciary's affirmation should emphasize to the fiduciary his or her responsibility under the proposed rules of court and increase delivery of the forms to affected institutions.
5.	Superior Court of Sacramento County Mr. Ed Pollard Chief Deputy Court Executive Officer Sacramento	AM	We recommend that the forms (GC-050 and GC-051) instruct the institution or financial institution to serve the guardian or conservator with the notice.	The advisory committee declines to follow this recommendation. Probate Code sections 2890– 2893 do not require affected institutions and financial institutions to serve copies of completed reports on the fiduciaries. Guardians and conservators who desire to receive copies could request the institutions to provide them, and perhaps deliver a self-addressed stamped envelope to the institutions for the purpose. However,

Positions: A = Agree; AM = Agree if modified; N = Do not agree.

Probate—Conservatorships and Guardianships: Reporting by Institutions and Financial Institutions About Transactions in Assets, Accounts, and Safe-Deposit Boxes of Wards and Conservatees Held by the Institutions

(adopt Cal. Rules of Court, rules 7.1011, 7.1061, revise forms GC-050, GC-150, GC-250, and GC-350)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commentator	Position	Comment	Advisory Committee Response
				imposition of a duty and expense on affected institutions and financial institutions beyond the responsibilities required by statute would discourage rather than encourage their cooperation and greater compliance.
6.	Superior Court of San Diego County Mr. Michael M. Roddy Court Executive Officer San Diego	AM	As noted in the discussion section of Invitation to Comment on this proposal, the institutions and financial institutions rarely comply with the requirements of Probate Code sections 2890– 2893 and the court has no teeth to enforce the requirement. It may be better to amend the law to require the court appointed guardian or conservator to obtain the completed form from the relevant institution or financial institution and then file the form with the court.	The advisory committee disagrees with this recommendation. The purpose of the statutory scheme's imposition of the reporting duty on institutions and financial institutions rather than on the fiduciary is to give the court a source of information about the transaction that is independent of the fiduciary.
7.	Trusts and Estates Section State Bar of California Sacramento	A	Agree with proposed changes. DISCLAIMER This position is only that of the TRUSTS & ESTATES SECTION of the State Bar of California. This position has not been adopted by either the State Bar's Board of Governors or overall membership, and is not to be construed as representing the position of the State Bar of California.	No response necessary.